

Motion avseende barnperspektivet

Jämställdhetsperspektivet ingår nu mera i alla beslut tas i regionstyrelsen och regionfullmäktige etc. och det finns en formulering ”Beslutsförslagets påverkan avseende jämställdhet”. FN:s konvention om barnets rättigheter har sedan januari 2020 blivit svensk lag i enlighet med lagen (2018:1197) om Förenta nationernas konvention om barnets rättigheter vilken trädde i kraft den 1 januari 2020.

Barnkonventionen i sin helhet ska gälla som svensk lag men några artiklar är av särskilt intresse för region Norrbottens verksamhet och det är artikel 3 och artikel 24.

Article 3

1. In all actions concerning children, whether undertaken by public or private social welfare institutions, courts of law, administrative authorities or legislative bodies, the best interests of the child shall be a primary consideration.

2. States Parties undertake to ensure the child such protection and care as is necessary for his or her well-being, taking into account the rights and duties of his or her parents, legal guardians, or other individuals legally responsible for him or her, and, to this end, shall take all appropriate legislative and administrative measures.

3. States Parties shall ensure that the institutions, services and facilities responsible for the care or protection of children shall conform with the standards established by competent authorities, particularly in the areas of safety, health, in the number and suitability of their staff, as well as competent supervision.

Article 24

1. States Parties recognize the right of the child to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health. States Parties shall strive to ensure that no child is deprived of his or her right of access to such health care services.

2. States Parties shall pursue full implementation of this right and, in particular, shall take appropriate measures:

(a) To diminish infant and child mortality;

(b) To ensure the provision of necessary medical assistance and health care to all children with emphasis on the development of primary health care;

(c) To combat disease and malnutrition, including within the framework of primary health care, through, inter alia, the application of readily available technology and through the provision of adequate nutritious foods and clean drinking-water, taking into consideration the dangers and risks of environmental pollution;

(d) To ensure appropriate prenatal and post-natal health care for mothers;

(e) To ensure that all segments of society, in particular parents and children, are informed, have access to education and are supported in the use of basic knowledge of child health and nutrition, the advantages of breast-feeding, hygiene and environmental sanitation and the prevention of accidents;

(f) To develop preventive health care, guidance for parents and family planning education and services.

3. States Parties shall take all effective and appropriate measures with a view to abolishing traditional practices prejudicial to the health of children.

4. States Parties undertake to promote and encourage international co-operation with a view to achieving progressively the full realization of the right recognized in the present article. In this regard, particular account shall be taken of the needs of developing countries.

Med anledning av att Barnkonventionen är svenska lag yrkar Sverigedemokraterna på att:

- Barnperspektivet ska erhålla samma status som jämställdhetsperspektivet, det vill säga finnas med som en aspekt i beslutsunderlag så att det på ett tydligt sätt framgår hur perspektivet beaktats.
- Regionens medarbetare ska erhålla information och utbildning om Barnkonventionen så att man kan tillämpa densamma ute i verksamheterna.
- Regionfullmäktige skall erhålla utbildning om Barnkonventionen med avseende på innehållet i den nya lagstiftningen.



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